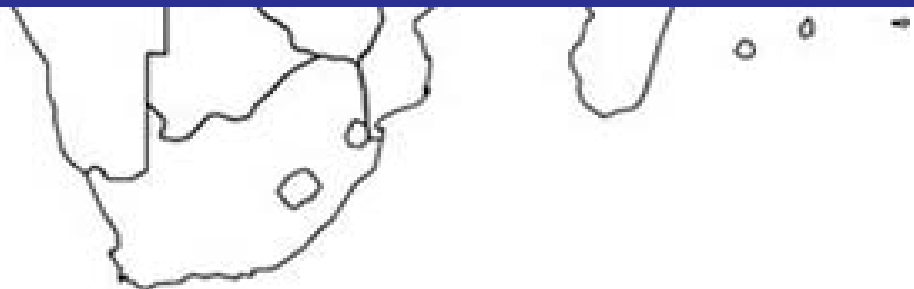


LA PROTECTION FINANCIÈRE ET L'ACCÈS AMÉLIORÉ AUX SOINS DE SANTÉ :
APPRENTISSAGE PAR LES PAIRS
TROUVER DES SOLUTIONS AUX DÉFIS COMMUNS
DU 15 AU 19 FEVRIER 2016
ACCRA, GHANA

Jour II, Session III



Global Earmarking Practices for Health

At least **85** countries are using earmarking for health

Countries use income or payroll tax to fund healthcare for the population or formal sector workers in a public scheme.

Countries earmark a portion of their value-added tax (VAT).

Countries specify the share of total government spending that should be allocated to health.

Countries earmarked funds from debt relief.



Countries earmark all or a portion of revenues from tobacco taxes.

Countries earmark tax revenue from sales of alcohol.

Countries earmark taxes on other goods that can negatively affect health (e.g. sugar-sweetened beverages).

Countries earmark all or a portion of revenue generated from lotteries.

Countries earmark a portion of transfers from the national government to subnational governments for health spending.

Country introduced an earmarked levy on foreign personal money transfers and mobile phone company turnover.

Affectation : Quelles sont les principales questions d'étude?

- Quelles étaient les principales raisons de la destiner mis en place?
- Quels aspects de la conception et de la mise en oeuvre de la destiner ont été plus critiques pour l'atteinte des objectifs?
- Quels ont été les plus grands défis, et pourquoi ces produite?
- Contribue à la réalisation d'affectation des garanties suffisantes, stables, et le financement flexible?

<http://www.jointlearningnetwork.org/earmarking>